Energizing growth



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Profile of the EU Chemical Industry



- ✓ 29 000 companies, 96% SMEs
- ✓ 1.17 million of jobs
- ✓ €507 billion of revenues
- ✓ 15% of the world's chemical sales
- ✓ State of the art innovative solutions

= key EU economic sector

The Clean Energy Package and the EU Chemical Industry



The EU Clean Energy Package is an **enabler** of **European industry's competitiveness** and a unique opportunity for European institutions to deliver on Europe's ambitious transition to **cleaner energy** and meet **climate change goals**.

Cefic believes that this would be achieved by applying general guiding principles to:

- Provide competitive, reliable, and sustainable energy for industry
- Enable innovation in industry sectors that develop products and technologies that avoid greenhouse gas emissions (GHGs) across value chains
- ✓ Foster innovation to reduce the cost of all renewable sources
- Avoid costly and unnecessary overlapping legislation

Chemicals Industry: A European Success Story

The EU chemicals sector faring better and closer to its pre-crisis level

Chemicals output ▲ 3.8%, Chemicals prices ▲ 5.1%, Chemicals sales ▲ 8.4%, Domestic sales ▲ 8.8%, Exports ▲ 7.1%, Imports ▲ 7.5%, Consumption ▲ 8.5%, Employment ▲ 1.4%, Capacity utilisation ▲ 2.7%,

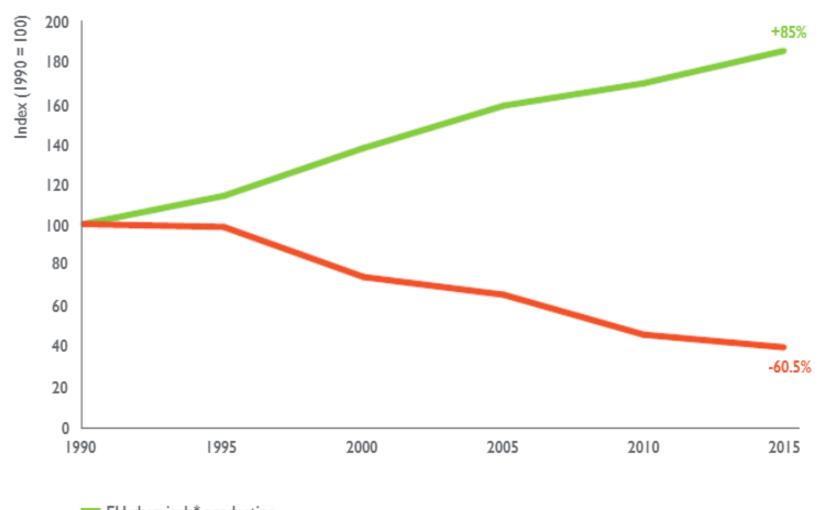
According to a JRC 2017 Study the growth of the European Chemicals Industry between 2013 and 2050 will be around 45%!.





Source: Cefic Chemicals Trends Report January 2018

An energy intensive industry which has decoupled production from emissions



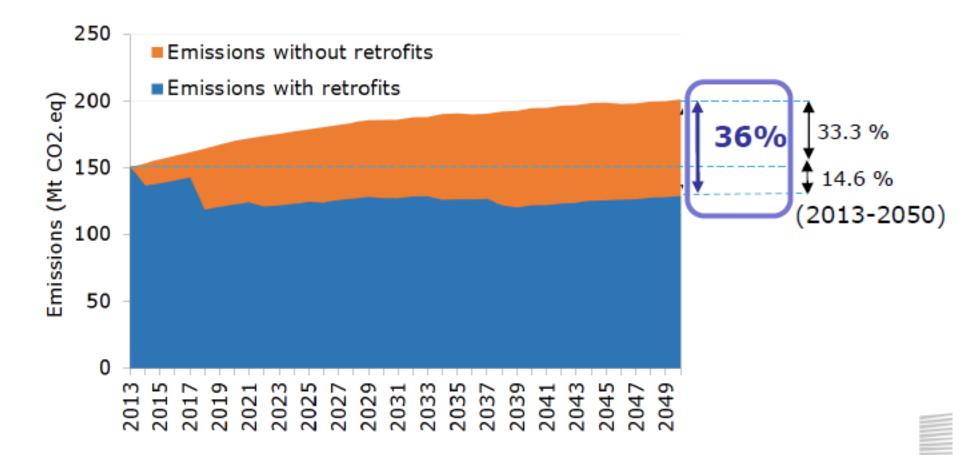
EU chemicals* production
EU GHG** emissions

Source: Cefic Facts and Figures 2017

An EU energy reform is much needed: The EU average electricity costs are 1.7 times that of the USA and 3.5 times those of Russia



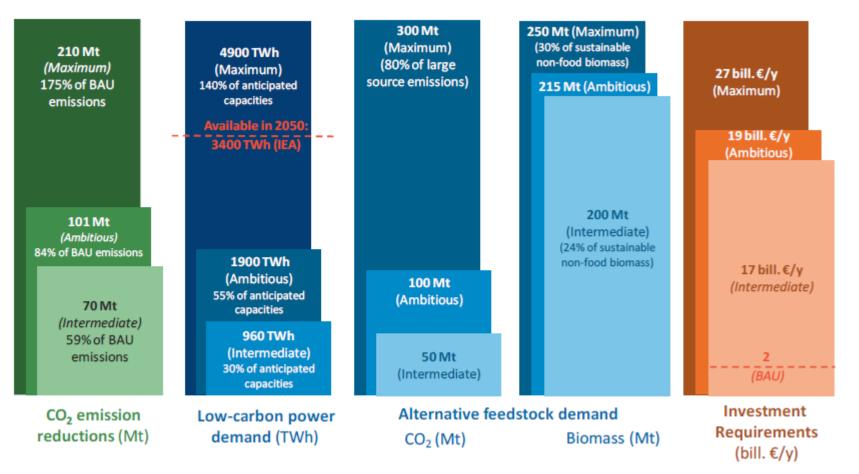
Innovation is needed to reduce further GHG Emissions



Source: JRC Study Energy efficiency and GHG emissions:

Prospective scenarios for the Chemical and Petrochemical Industry

Big investments are needed to reduce further GHG Emissions



Opportunities and challenges for various scenarios by 2050 (without fuels applications)

Source: Dechema Technology Study: Low carbon energy and feedstock for the European Chemical Industry, June 2017

Innovation: the Power of the EU Chemical Industry

Just one example:

Innovations for renewable energy production



- New composite materials for wind turbine blades which increase their energy yield and improve the corrosion resistance of turbines.
- New materials for photovoltaic technologies like novel thin-film technologies which do not require scare metals and perform better at lower cost, while enabling solar cells to be recycled at the end of life.
- Advanced materials and technologies for energy storage: advanced batteries, chemical energy storage (advanced materials and process technologies like hydrogen and CO2 based energy carriers) and thermal energy storage (via phase change materials or reversible thermochemical reactions).

Our key-messages for Energizing Growth in Europe



- Cefic's overarching objective is to secure reliable supplies of competitively priced energy.
- We fully support the Commission's call for an ambitious and a future oriented FP9 Innovation programme.
- We support policy initiatives to increase the levels of Investment in Europe. In the context of the enlarged European Fund for Strategic Investments, focus should be given also to the manufacturing sector and in particular the Energy Intensive Industries.
- We call the European Commission to swiftly devise a Master Plan for reinforcing the competitiveness of the European Industry. This Master Plan should include concrete actions in all policy areas and encompass a series of consecutive, interconnected and clear milestones and measurable objectives.

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